# Lastifil 5003

Easy flowing copper alloy for MIG welding

# CLASSIFICATION

EN ISO 24373 : CuSi3Mn1 AWS A5.7 : ER CuSi-A

#### **GENERAL DESCRIPTION**

Solid welding wire for joining, refacing and repairing pure copper, copper-silicon, copper-manganese alloys and brass. Also suitable for building up a copper layer on carbon steel, lowalloyed steel, cast iron and for joining copper to steel.

## **APPLICATIONS**

Welding CuSi2Mn (Wn° 2.1522), CuSi3Mn (Wn° 2.1525) and brass (Cu-Zn alloys). Also suitable for joining galvanised steel, where the low working temperature helps to prevent zinc burnoff. Suitable for Mig brazing of thin galvanized sheet metal.

Hardness: 80 - 100 HB

### CHEMICAL COMPOSITION (%) (Typical values, all weld metal)

<b>Si</b> : 2.80 - 3.00	<b>Mn:</b> 0.80 - 1.00	<b>Sn:</b> < 0.10	<b>Zn:</b> < 0.10	Cu: Balance

#### **MECHANICAL PROPERTIES** (Typical values, all weld metal)

Yield Strength	Tensile Strength	Elongation	Impact Strength
N/mm <sup>2</sup>	N/mm²	5d (%)	Charpy V notch (ISO-V)
150 MPa	≥ 350 MPa	≥ 40%	

#### **GENERAL INFORMATION**

Welding positions	All								
Shielding gas	Argon (or Helium)								
Packing	15 kg spool (in a cardboard box)								
Polarity	DC+								
Diameter (mm)	0.8	1.0	1.2	1.6					

#### **Tips & tricks**

Shielding gas: argon (or Helium for thicker materials or for higher welding speeds.)
Weld thin beads in order to obtain a fast cooling rate of the deposited metal.
Preheat pure copper.
Weld CuSi castings without preheat and limit the interpass temperature to max. 70 °C (160 °F).

The information in this document is based on intensive tests and is accurate to the best of our knowledge. Do note that these values are only typical values for tests in accordance to prescribed standards. The suitability of the product should always be confirmed by qualification tests before use in any application. The information can be changed without previous notice.

