

Lastofil 809 G

Cored wire for crack resistant joints

CLASSIFICATION

EN 12073 : T 23 12 2 L R C/M 3

AWS A5.22 : E 309L Mo T0-4

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

Used for joining stainless steel and difficult to weld steels and joining Cr/Ni/Mo steels with low carbon content (C<0.03%).

Very good corrosion resistance.

High strength and creep resistance at high temperatures.

High fluidity. Regular and beautifully formed beads.

Excellent X-ray quality.

APPLICATIONS

Joining stainless steel and difficult to weld steels, Cr-Mo steel, high carbon containing steel, Mo-containing steels.

Joining stainless steel to mild steel.

CHEMICAL COMPOSITION (%) (Typical values, all weld metal)

C : < 0.04	Mn : 0.50 - 1.50	Si : 0.50 - 1.00	Cr : 23.00 - 25.00	Ni : 12.00 - 14.00
Mo : 2.00 - 3.00	P : < 0.04	S : < 0.03	Fe : Balance	

MECHANICAL PROPERTIES (Typical values, all weld metal)

Yield Strength N/mm ²	Tensile Strength N/mm ²	Elongation 5d (%)	Impact Strength Charpy V notch (ISO-V)
	≥ 580 MPa	≥ 31%	

GENERAL INFORMATION

Welding positions All

Shielding gas Ar/CO₂, M21 (EN ISO 14175) or 100% CO₂

Packing 12.5 kg spool (in a cardboard box)

Polarity DC+

Diameter (mm) 0.9 1.2

Tips & tricks

Remove all traces of dirt from the weld edges.

Weld with a 'stick-out' of 15 to 25 mm (0.6-1").

Before depositing a second layer, always remove the slag with a stainless steel brush or grinding disc.

The interpass-temperature in the welding zone has to remain below 200 °C (400 °F): if not, cool down before applying a new layer.

To get a correct wire feed, it is necessary to use the appropriate driving wheels for flux cored wires on the wire feeder.

The information in this document is based on intensive tests and is accurate to the best of our knowledge. Do note that these values are only typical values for tests in accordance to prescribed standards. The suitability of the product should always be confirmed by qualification tests before use in any application. The information can be changed without previous notice.